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**Fuel Strategies for
short and long Distance Transport**



Agenda

- Worldwide Challenges and Trends
- Technologies to reach Climate and Energy goals
- Detailed view on Biofuels
- Implementation of sustainable Bio Fuels
- Summary and conclusions



Agenda

- Worldwide Challenges and Trends
- Technologies to reach climate and energy goals
 - Efficiency
 - Alternative Fuels/Bio Fuels
 - Electromobility
- Detailed view on Biofuels
 - Criteria for evaluation
 - Potential
 - Options
 - Research
- Implementation of sustainable Bio Fuels
 - Fuel Specification
 - Infrastructure
 - Customer acceptance
 - Incentives
- Summary and conclusions



Worldwide Challenges and Trends in the Traffic Sector



Global Warming



Limited Reserves of fossil Fuels



Megacities



Technical Progress



Industrie Politics



Customer Demand



Worldwide Challenges and Trends in the Traffic Sector

Global Warming

Decrease of CO₂-Emissions until 2050
over 80% necessary to realise 2°C goal



Limited Reserves of fossil Fuels

Reserves for 30 - 40 years –
located mainly in political critical Regions



Megacities

customer needs are changing
Emission regulations extremely important



Technical Progress

New technologies become available for
commercial use



Industrie Politics

Incentivation of engine technologies in China, USA and EU
Agricultural incentivation in SAM, Asia



Customer demand

Significant number of "Early Adopters,,"

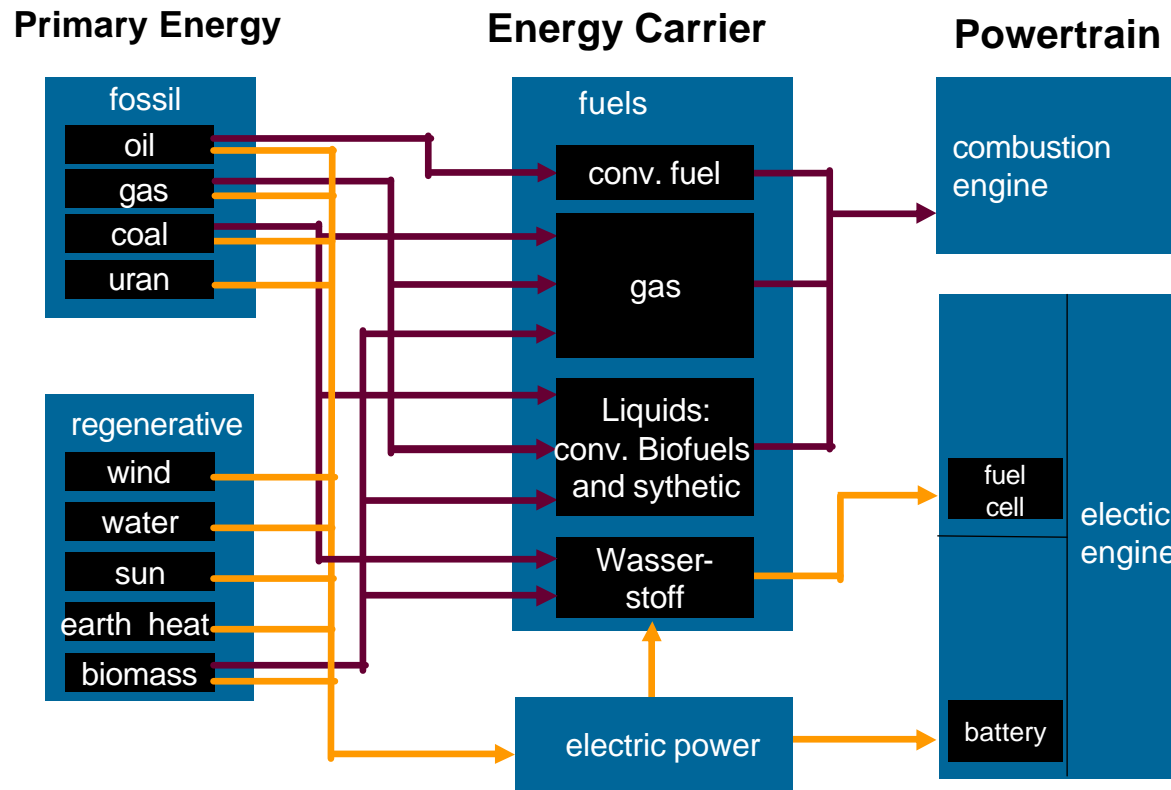


Goals of a Sustainable Mobility Strategy

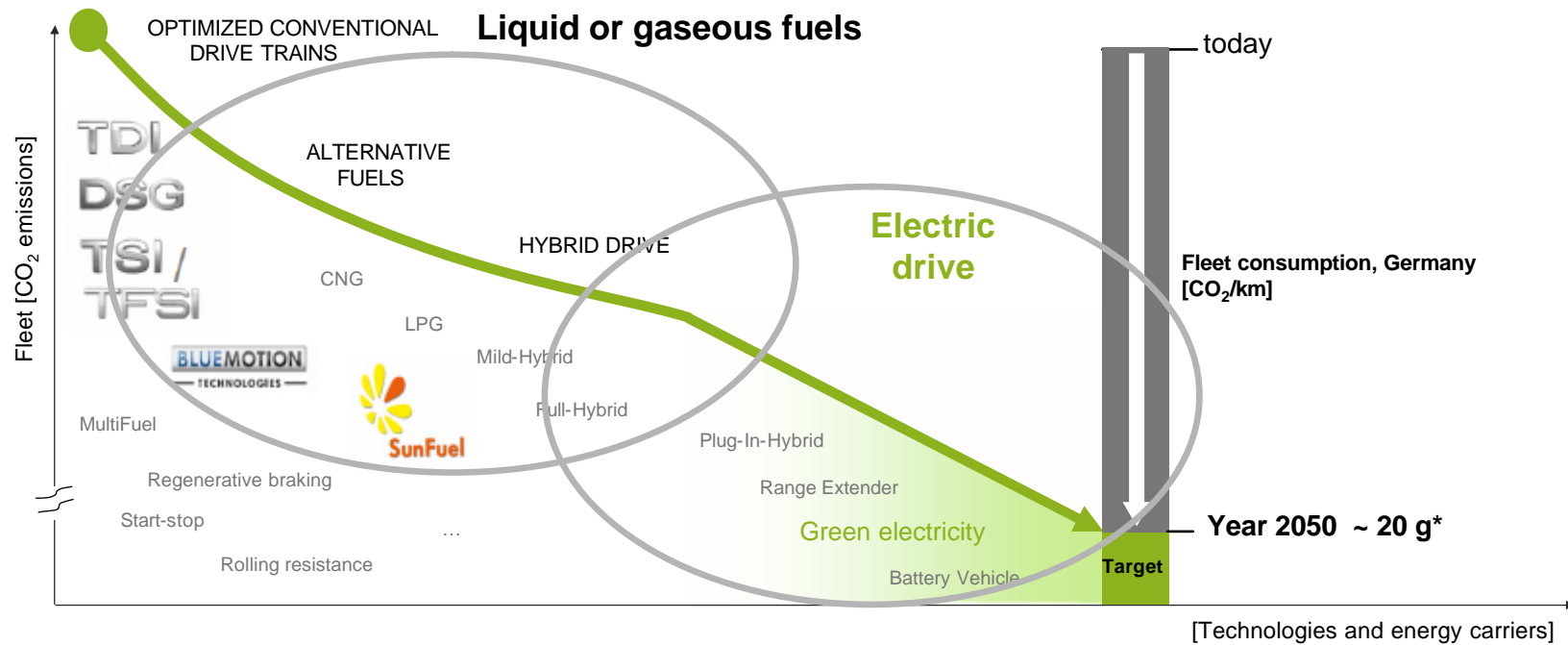


- ➔ **Increase of efficiency**
- ➔ **Decarbonisation of Fuels**
- ➔ **lowest emission engines**
- ➔ **Economic solution**
- ➔ **Optimization of „system Mobility“**

Pathways and Basic decisions



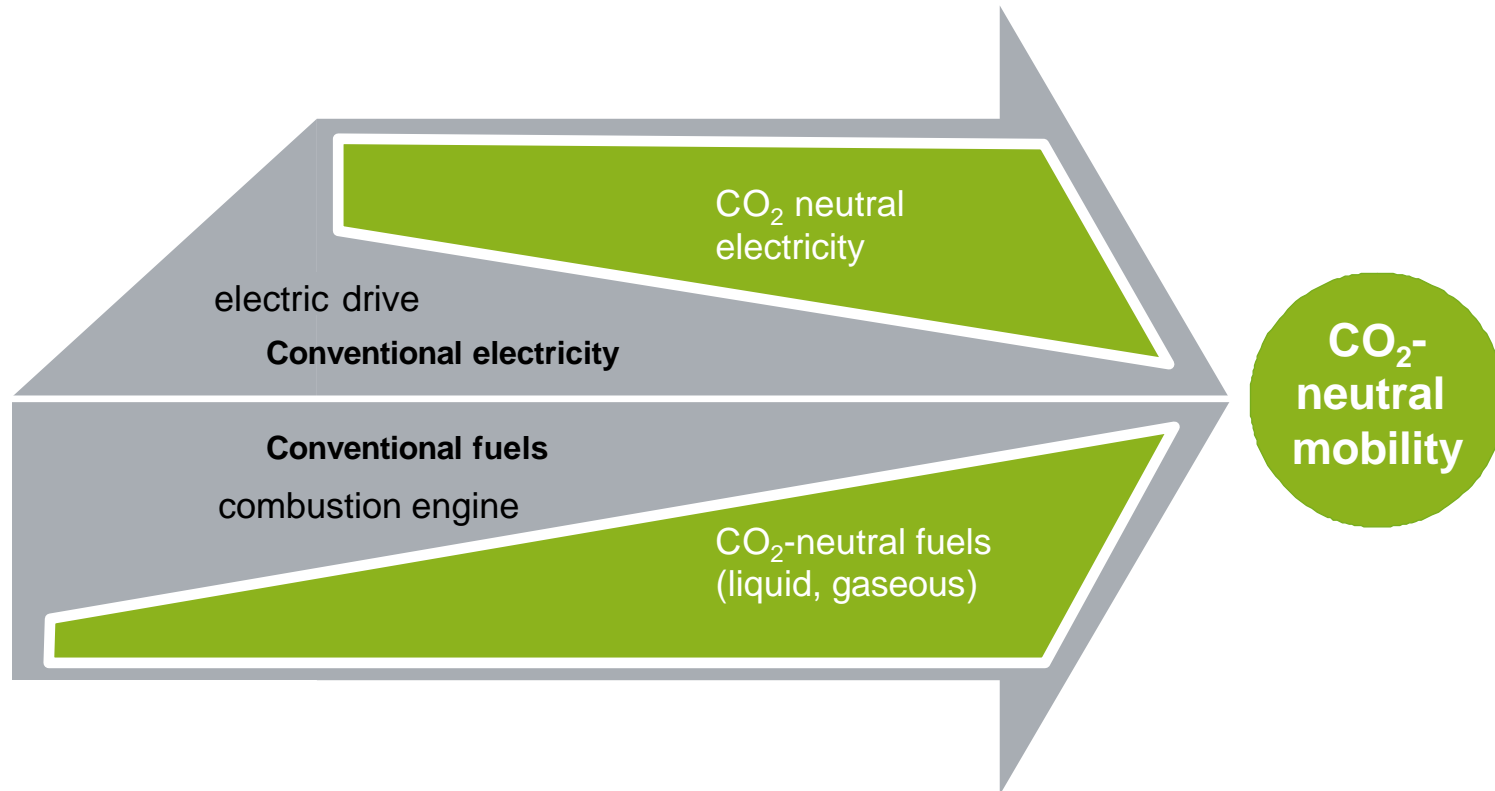
Technologies to reach the ambitious 2°C Target



*derived from the political objective (EU and G8+5 countries, part of the Copenhagen Accord 2009) to limit global warming to 2 °C by 2050
 (Data based on: IPCC Fourth Assessment Report: Climate Change 2007, partly McKinsey & Company)



Decarbonisation of On Road Traffic



Alternative Fuels with enough Feedstock are needed!



Detailed View on Biofuels and biofuelled Vehicles

Life Cycle Analysis

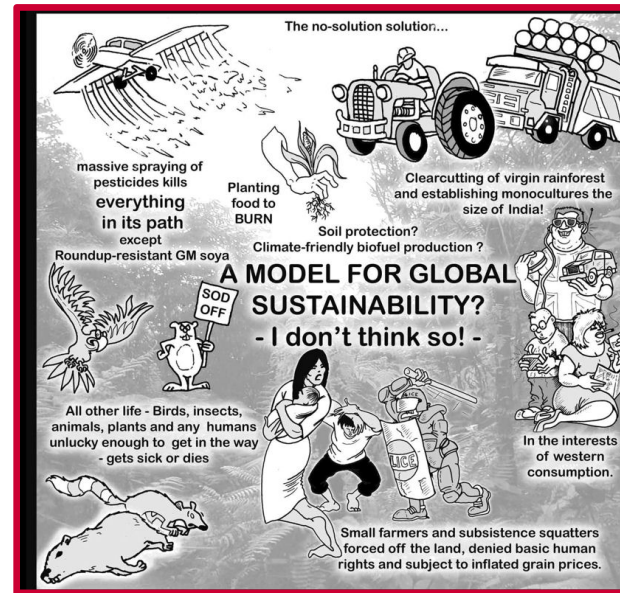


Chances and risks of the use of biomass

Chances



Risks

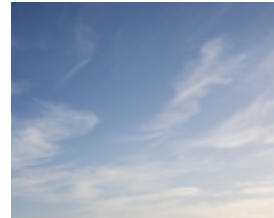


Sustainability criteria have to be defined



Sustainability Criteria

- Green House Gas Emissions
- Use of Resources
- Food competition
- Water an Land Use
- Social aspects

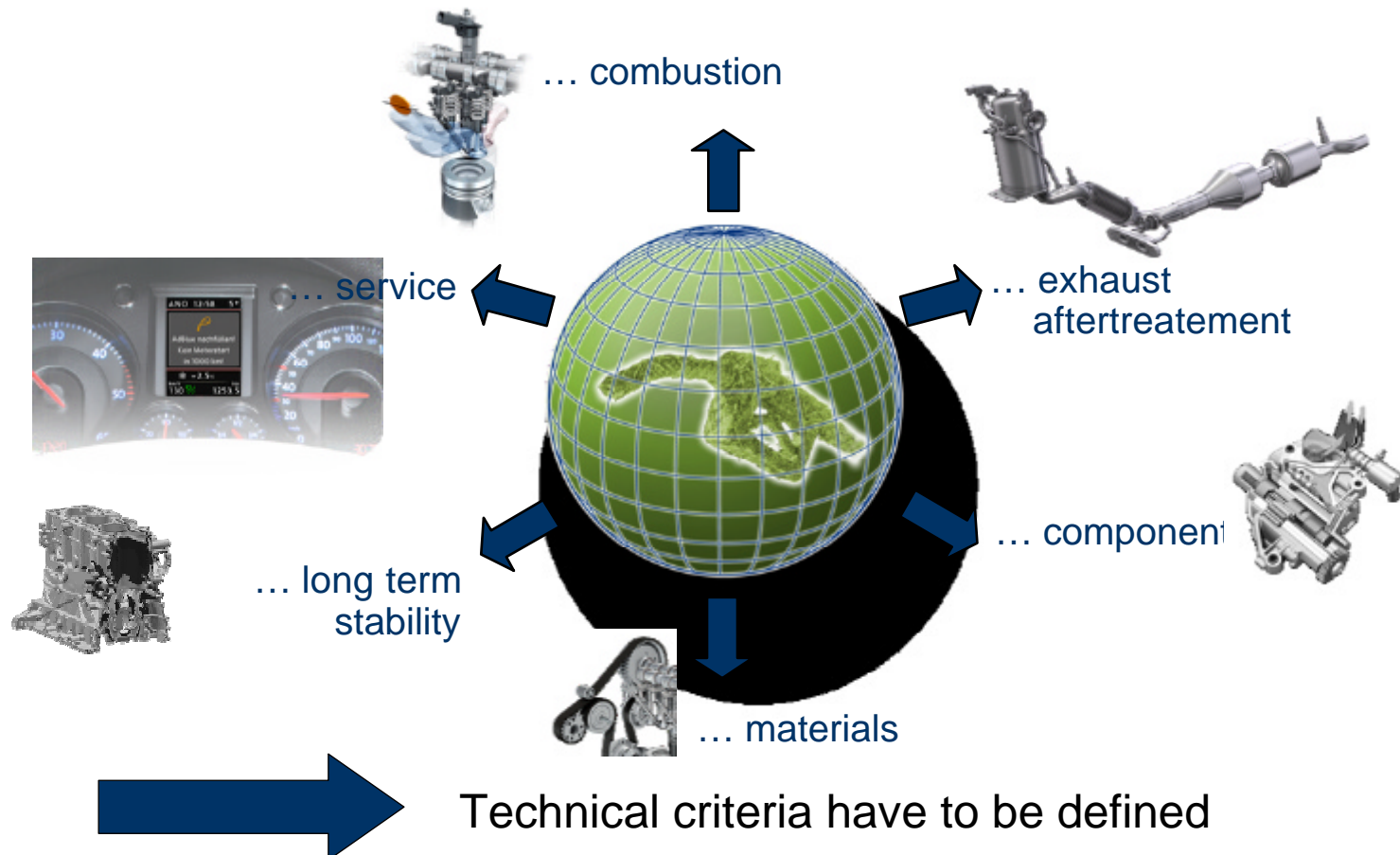


Detailed View on Biofuels and biofuelled Vehicles

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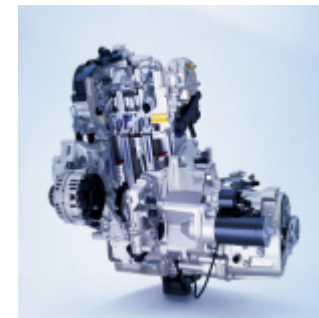
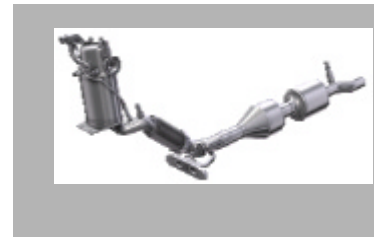
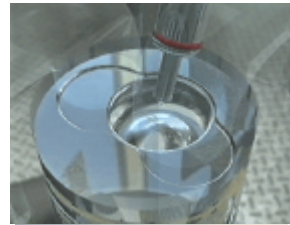


The Fuel has got influence on



Technical criteria

- compatibility with existing vehicle technology
- blending with mineral based fuels
- heating value
- emissions
- safety
- efficiency in the car
- efficiency influence on driving with other fuels
- fuel and vehicle cost

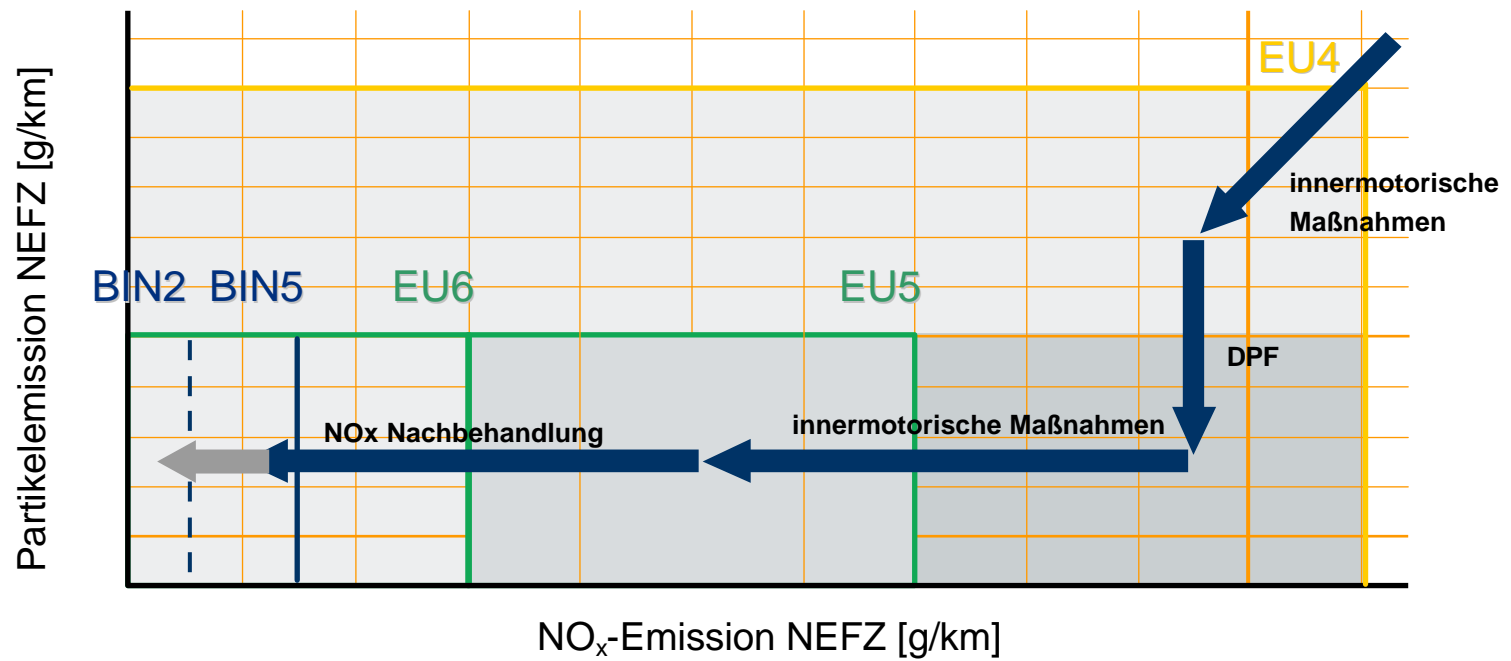
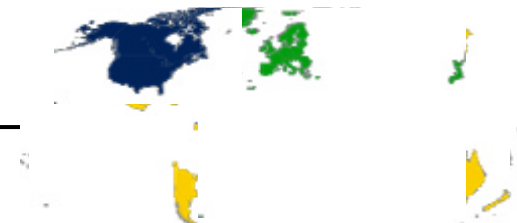


Evaluation of selected BioFuels

	Biodiesel	Ethanol	Biogas
Potential Availability	Small percentage Diesel Pool	10% - 30% increasing by lignocellulose	High percentages in actually small markets
Sustainability	Open questions	Food vs tank discussion Solution: lignocellulose	Different organic sources, use of waste biomass possible
Technical evaluation	Slightly worse than diesel; material incompatibilities better than Diesel	Slightly worse than gasoline; material incompatibilities	Slightly better than CNG
Market situation	EU: 7% (100%/20% in niches)	E 10 in Europe Customer still has open questions	Introduced, 0 – 100% (by certificate)



Emissionsziele



Implementation of new Fuels

What does the customer expect?



Advantages



infrastructure



Easy Fuelling



**Clear
understanding**



**Best
Quality**



**Economic
reasonable**



Fulfilling Customers Needs



- ➔ **Ongoing R + D**
- ➔ **Standardisation**
- ➔ **Cooperation of stakeholders**
- ➔ **Information**

The customer must know about new fuels

Actual Fleet test: Diesel regenerativ in Coburg



- optimized Fuel (B7 + 93)
- maximum quality
- lower emissions
- customer advantages



Summary

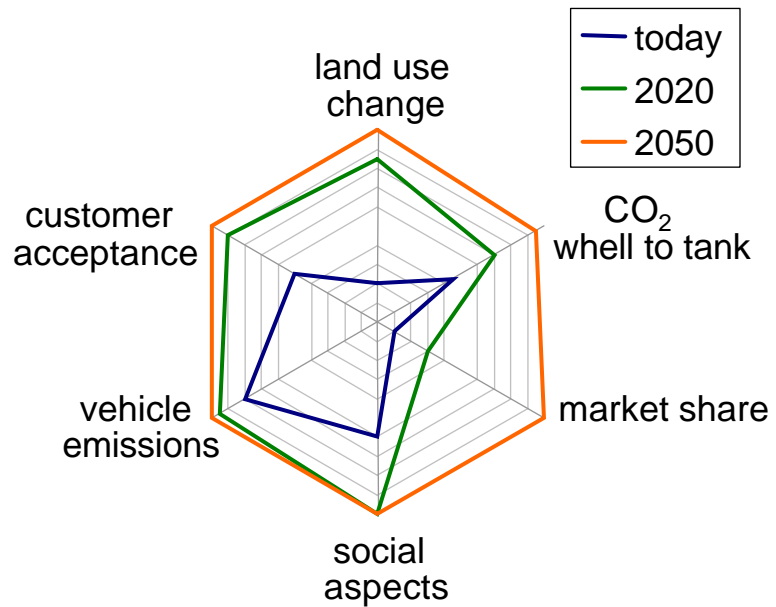
- The pillars of a global CO₂ and Energy Strategy are Efficiency, Biofuels and Electrification
- On the mid term, most on – road applications need liquid or gaseous fuels
- For these Fuels sustainability criteria have to be defined especially for the production of biomass
- Engine and Fuel have to fit together, so the development of both has to go hand in hand
- The customer must get an offer which is attractive
- more attractive than solutions based only on fossil fuels
- The conditions for introduction and use of biofuels must be created: infrastructure, quality, customer acceptance



Status Evaluation and Conclusions

necessary progress

to achieve by



- Research and Development
- Lessons learned
- Demonstrator projects
- Cooperation of all stakeholders
- Public support



Thank you!

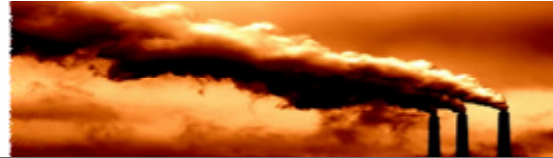


Backup



Three Mobility Megatrends

Reduction of emissions



Imminent gridlock in megacities

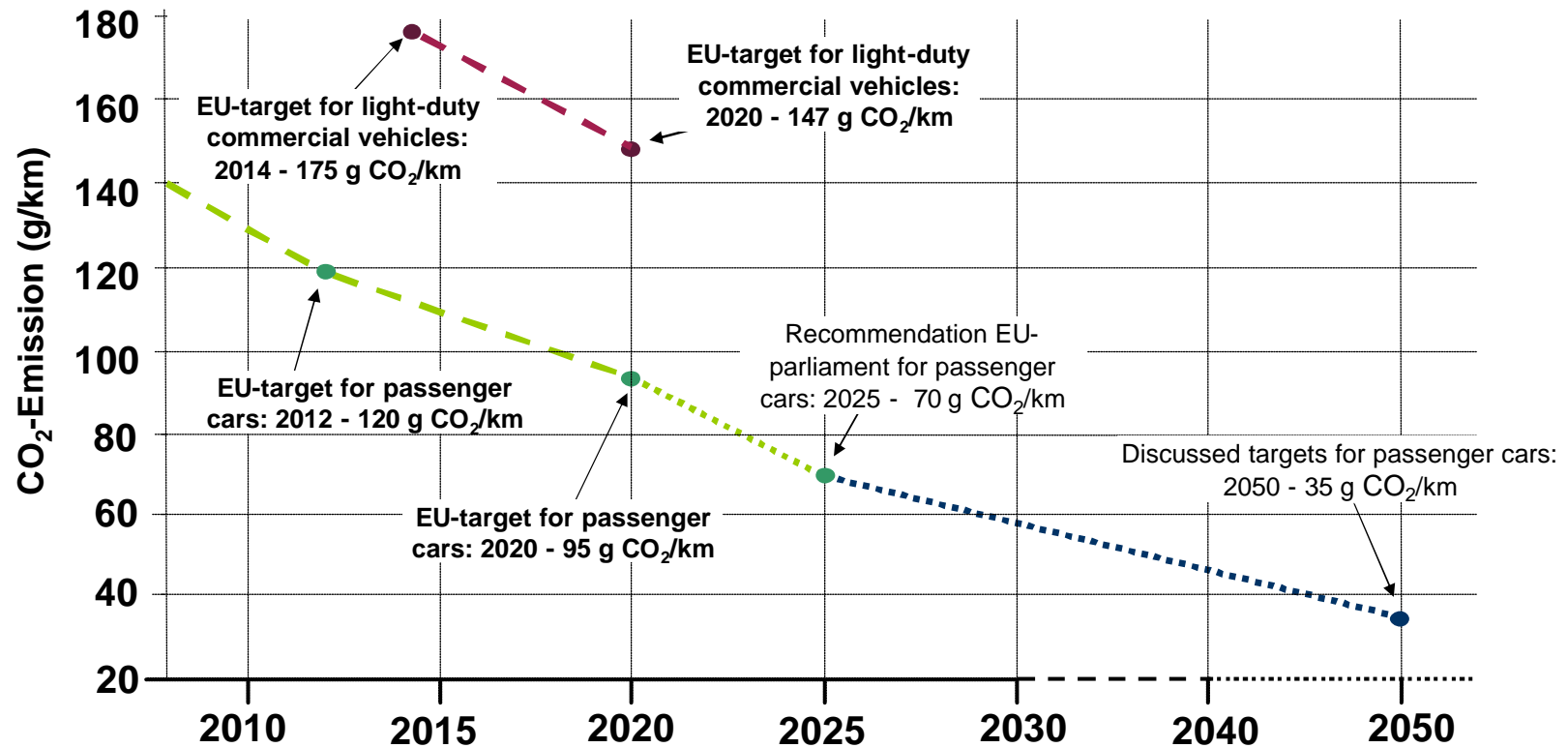


Finite nature of fossil fuels



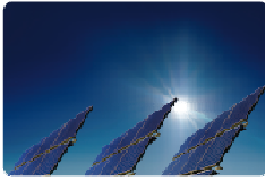
Long-term CO₂-Emission reduction targets of the EU until 2050

Average target CO₂-Emission EU-New Vehicle Fleet for passenger cars and light-duty commercial vehicles



Mobilität der Zukunft

Zukünftige Mobilität
nutzt erneuerbare Energien



Das Auto als Teil der vernetzten Welt

Intelligente Energienutzung



Optimaler Verkehrsfluss

Vernetzte Welt

